- (A) \$15,000 in the case of any contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, inside the United States; and
- (B) \$25,000 in the case of any contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, outside the United States; and
- (2) the term "simplified acquisition threshold" means-
 - (A) \$250,000 in the case of any contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, inside the United States; and
 - (B) \$1,000,000 in the case of any contract to be awarded and performed, or purchase to be made, outside the United States.

(c) Increased limitation on use of simplified acquisition procedures

For a procurement to which this section applies under subsection (a) of this section, the \$5,000,000 limitation in the following provisions of law shall be deemed to be \$10,000,000:

- (1) Section 427(a)(2) of this title.
- (2) Section 2304(g)(1)(B) of title 10.
- (3) Section 253(g)(1)(B) of this title.

(d) Commercial items authority

- (1) The head of an executive agency carrying out a procurement of property or a service to which this section applies under subsection (a)(2) of this section may treat such property or service as a commercial item for the purpose of carrying out such procurement.
- (2) A contract in an amount greater than \$15,000,000 that is awarded on a sole source basis for an item or service treated as a commercial item under paragraph (1) shall not be exempt
 - (A) cost accounting standards promulgated pursuant to section 422 of this title; or
 - (B) cost or pricing data requirements (commonly referred to as truth in negotiating) under section 2306a of title 10 and section 254b of this title.

(e) Contingency operation defined

In this section, the term "contingency operation" has the meaning given such term in section 101(a)(13) of title 10.

(Pub. L. 93-400, §32A, as added Pub. L. 108-136, div. A, title XIV, §1443(a)(1), Nov. 24, 2003, 117 Stat. 1675; amended Pub. L. 108-375, div. A, title VIII, §822, Oct. 28, 2004, 118 Stat. 2016.)

AMENDMENTS

2004—Subsec. (b)(1). Pub. L. 108-375, §822(1), added par. (1) and struck out former par. (1) which read as follows: "the amount specified in subsections (c), (d), and (f) of section 428 of this title shall be deemed to be \$15,000;

Subsec. (b)(2)(B). Pub. L. 108-375, §822(2), substituted "\$1,000,000" for "\$500,000".

AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS FOR Defense Against or Recovery From Terrorism or NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL, OR RADIOLOGICAL

Pub. L. 108-136, div. A, title XIV, §1441, Nov. 24, 2003, 117 Stat. 1673, provided that:

"(a) AUTHORITY.

"(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency who engages in basic research, applied research, advanced research, and development projects that-

'(A) are necessary to the responsibilities of such official's executive agency in the field of research and development, and

"(B) have the potential to facilitate defense against or recovery from terrorism or nuclear, biological, chemical, or radiological attack,

may exercise the same authority (subject to the same restrictions and conditions) with respect to such research and projects as the Secretary of Defense may exercise under section 2371 of title 10, United States Code, except for subsections (b) and (f) of such section

- "(2) PROTOTYPE PROJECTS.—The head of an executive agency may, under the authority of paragraph (1), carry out prototype projects that meet the requirements of subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph (1) in accordance with the requirements and conditions provided for carrying out prototype projects under section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 (Public Law 103-160; 10 U.S.C. 2371 note), including that, to the maximum extent practicable, competitive procedures shall be used when entering into agreements to carry out projects under subsection (a) of that section and that the period of authority to carry out projects under such subsection (a) terminates as provided in subsection (g) of that section.
- "(3) APPLICATION OF REQUIREMENTS AND CONDI-TIONS.—In applying the requirements and conditions of section 845 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1994 under this subsection-

"(A) subsection (c) of that section shall apply with respect to prototype projects carried out under this paragraph; and

"(B) the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall perform the functions of the Secretary of Defense under subsection (d) of that sec-

"(4) APPLICABILITY TO SELECTED EXECUTIVE AGEN-CIES .-

"(A) OMB AUTHORIZATION REQUIRED.—The head of an executive agency may exercise authority under this subsection for a project only if authorized by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget to use the authority for such project.

(B) RELATIONSHIP TO AUTHORITY OF DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY.—The authority under this subsection shall not apply to the Secretary of Homeland Security while section 831 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002 (Public Law 107-296; 116 Stat. 2224) [6 U.S.C. 391] is in effect.

"(b) ANNUAL REPORT.—The annual report of the head of an executive agency that is required under subsection (h) of section 2371 of title 10, United States Code, as applied to the head of the executive agency by subsection (a), shall be submitted to the Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Government Reform of the House of Representa-

"(c) Regulations.—The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall prescribe regulations to carry out this section. No transaction may be conducted under the authority of this section before the date on which such regulations take effect.

"(d) TERMINATION OF AUTHORITY.—The authority to carry out transactions under subsection (a) shall terminate on September 30, 2008.'

§ 429. List of laws inapplicable to contracts not greater than simplified acquisition threshold in Federal Acquisition Regulation

(a) List of inapplicable provisions of law

(1) The Federal Acquisition Regulation shall include a list of provisions of law that are inapplicable to contracts or subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold. A provision of law that is properly included on the list pursuant to paragraph (2) may not be construed as applicable to such contracts or subcontracts (as the case may be) by an executive agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to render inapplicable to contracts and subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold any provision of law that is not included on such list.

(2) A provision of law described in subsection (b) of this section that is enacted after October 13, 1994, shall be included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law required by paragraph (1), unless the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council makes a written determination that it would not be in the best interest of the Federal Government to exempt contracts or subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold from the applicability of the provision.

(b) Covered law

A provision of law referred to in subsection (a)(2) of this section is any provision of law that, as determined by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council, sets forth policies, procedures, requirements, or restrictions for the procurement of property or services by the Federal Government, except for a provision of law that—

(1) provides for criminal or civil penalties; or (2) specifically refers to this section and provides that, notwithstanding this section, it shall be applicable to contracts or subcontracts in amounts not greater than the simplified acquisition threshold.

(c) Petition

In the event that a provision of law described in subsection (b) of this section is not included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law as required by subsection (a) of this section, and no written determination has been made by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section, a person may petition the Administrator for Federal Procurement Policy to take appropriate action. The Administrator shall revise the Federal Acquisition Regulation to include the provision on the list of inapplicable provisions of law unless the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council makes a determination pursuant to subsection (a)(2) of this section within 60 days after the date on which the petition is received.

(Pub. L. 93-400, §33, as added Pub. L. 103-355, title IV, §4101, Oct. 13, 1994, 108 Stat. 3339.)

EFFECTIVE DATE

For effective date and applicability of section, see section 10001 of Pub. L. 103–355, set out as an Effective Date of 1994 Amendment note under section 251 of this title.

§ 430. List of laws inapplicable to procurements of commercial items in Federal Acquisition Regulation

(a) List of inapplicable provisions of law

(1) The Federal Acquisition Regulation shall include a list of provisions of law that are inapplicable to contracts for the procurement of commercial items. A provision of law that is properly included on the list pursuant to paragraph (2) may not be construed as applicable to purchases of commercial items by an executive agency. Nothing in this section shall be construed to render inapplicable to contracts for

the procurement of commercial items any provision of law that is not included on such list.

(2) A provision of law described in subsection (c) of this section that is enacted after October 13, 1994, shall be included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law required by paragraph (1), unless the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council makes a written determination that it would not be in the best interest of the Federal Government to exempt contracts for the procurement of commercial items from the applicability of the provision.

(b) Subcontracts

(1) The Federal Acquisition Regulation shall include a list of provisions of law that are inapplicable to subcontracts under either a contract for the procurement of commercial items or a subcontract for the procurement of commercial items. A provision of law that is properly included on the list pursuant to paragraph (2) may not be construed as applicable to such subcontracts. Nothing in this section shall be construed to render inapplicable to subcontracts under a contract for the procurement of commercial items any provision of law that is not included on such list.

(2) A provision of law described in subsection (c) of this section shall be included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law required by paragraph (1) unless the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council makes a written determination that it would not be in the best interest of the Federal Government to exempt subcontracts under a contract for the procurement of commercial items from the applicability of the provision.

(3) Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the waiver of the applicability of any provision of law with respect to any subcontract under a contract with a prime contractor reselling or distributing commercial items of another contractor without adding value.

(4) In this subsection, the term "subcontract" includes a transfer of commercial items between divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor or subcontractor.

(c) Covered law

A provision of law referred to in subsections (a)(2) and (b) of this section is any provision of law that, as determined by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council, sets forth policies, procedures, requirements, or restrictions for the procurement of property or services by the Federal Government, except for a provision of law that—

(1) provides for criminal or civil penalties; or (2) specifically refers to this section and provides that, notwithstanding this section, it shall be applicable to contracts for the procurement of commercial items.

(d) Petition

In the event that a provision of law described in subsection (c) of this section is not included on the list of inapplicable provisions of law as required by subsection (a) or (b) of this section, and no written determination has been made by the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council pursuant to subsection (a)(2) or (b)(2) of this sec-